

COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP PRIORITIES & AREAS OF FOCUS

Priority 1: Keep People Safe

- a) Ensure there are effective partnership problem solving approaches to address neighbourhood crime and ASB.
- b) Develop partnership responses to address crime and anti-social behaviour in Town Centres, covering the daytime and night-time economy (including responses to aggressive and persistent begging and the development of a Public Spaces Protection Order)
- c) Review how the partnership identifies and responds to high-risk victims of anti-social behaviour, including the ASBRAC process and the Anti-social Behaviour Vulnerable Victims Advocacy Service.
- d) Ensure compliance with the ASB Case Review and that learning informs local responses.
- e) Develop a strong partnership disruption model for exploitation, organised crime, modern slavery (Programme Challenger Plus).
- f) Delivery of the Domestic Abuse & Violence Strategy (via the Domestic Abuse Partnership Board) and ensure that learning from Domestic Homicide Reviews are incorporated in workforce development, policy and practice.
- g) Continue to deliver a robust multi-agency CHANNEL arrangement for those adults and young people identified as vulnerable to radicalisation.
- h) Serious Youth Violence - Develop a serious violence needs assessment that will inform a violence reduction action plan.
- i) Develop and implement effective initiatives to tackle knife crime taking a primary, secondary and tertiary prevention approach. Develop a multi-agency approach violent crime reduction plan.
- j) Identify opportunities for early intervention for young people to prevent their involvement in ASB and crime. Pilot the Youth Prevention, Intervention, Education, Diversion (PIED) project and identify those young people most at risk and intervene early to support them.
- k) Develop a coordinated approach to the Gendered Based Abuse Strategy (Violence Against Women & Girls).
- l) Develop a coordinated approach to improve road and water safety (further exploration required).

Priority 2: Reduce harm and offending

- a) Increase support to offenders with access to housing, training and employment, financial aid, debt recovery and drugs and alcohol service.
- b) Raise awareness of Community Payback and how communities can identify projects / schemes.
- c) Support those who misuse drugs and/or alcohol to successfully complete community/facility-based treatment
- d) Enforce against persistent/prolific offenders who misuse drugs/alcohol
- e) Reduce drug and alcohol-related harm. This includes a multifaceted approach that prioritises 'early intervention and prevention', 'evidence-based treatment and recovery support', and 'reducing drug and alcohol related crime and anti-social behaviour through enforcement and regulation'.
- f) Implement the refreshed Integrated Offender Management framework that emphasises a more consistent and evidence-based approach to managing offending behaviour

- g) Protect the public from prolific offenders through Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements
- h) Review opportunities to improve referral rates to drug and alcohol services
- i) Continue to provide support for young people who are involved in offending, and reduce / First Time Entrants to the criminal justice system
- j) Work in partnership to disrupt and prevent serious and organised crime to reduce the impact of its resulting social harms on communities and residents

Priority 3: Strengthen Communities and Places

- a) Empowering our communities to feel safe via effectively communicating our work to continue to improve public confidence and community cohesion. Work in this area will focus on community resilience and awareness raising.
- b) Assess opportunities to create an 'active citizen' role. The concept of "Active citizenship" calls on people within our communities to become actively involved in identifying and tackling problems within their own communities and contributing to a better quality of life. E.g. Neighbourhood Watch, Community Speed Watch, Special Constables. The new Area Working model can support this objective and in particular support communities to identify the crime and anti-social behaviour issues affecting our communities to enable interventions to be targeted at local needs.
- c) Support the VCSE sector in developing and building communities, supported by the Bolton Fund and the community safety investment into this fund.
- d) Strengthen and support an Independent Advisory Group (IAG) that supports partnership related activity.
- e) Implement targeted interventions for hate crime, including raising awareness of reporting, tackling causes of hate crime and prevention
- f) Develop a Prevent strategy that meets the statutory duties and provides a coordinated response, including a strong tension monitoring model.
- g) Support the Strong & Engaged Vision Action Group to develop a cohesion framework that sets out key work areas that will enhance and build community resilience and cohesion within communities.

Principals of Working & Cross Cutting Themes

- a) Public health approach: focus on early intervention and prevention, and the wider determinants of crime and community safety, including social inequalities, employment, skills, health, housing and environment.
- b) Contextual safeguarding: focus on contextual safeguarding, taking a whole-family approach and accounting for every context and environment that adolescents encounter beyond their family. This involves adopting a trauma-informed and trauma-response approach, using a local understanding of the impact that adverse childhood experiences have on involvement in crime and anti-social behaviour.
- c) Community involvement: Co-producing solutions with our local community to understand local priorities and develop an approach that is response and effective in increasing feelings of safety raising awareness of CSP activity and improved engagement. Identify Opportunities for young people to be involved and lead on community initiatives – being role models and creating opportunities for peer-to-peer support.
- d) Collaboration: Work across strategic partnerships and agencies to share data and intelligence that identifies risk and threats. This will allow a more efficient and effective approach and better targeted interventions.
- e) Innovative: actively embrace and test out new ideas and projects to respond to wicked issues.